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INTERPUNCTION. *n. f.* [*interpunctio*, Fr. *interpunctio*, Latin.] Pointing between words or sentences.
INTERREGNUM. *n. f.* [Lat.] The time in which a throne is vacant between the death of a prince and accession of another.

Next ensu'd a vacancy,
Thousand worse passions than possess'd
The interregnum of my breast:
Bless me from such an anarchy!
He would shew the queen my memorial with the first opportunity, in order to have it done in this interregnum or suspension of title.
INTERREGNUM. *n. f.* [*interregne*, Fr. *interregnum*, Latin.] Vacancy of the throne.

The king knew there could not be any interregnum or suspension of title.
TO INTERROGATE. *v. a.* [*interrogo*, Lat. *interrogo*, Fr.] To examine; to question.
TO INTERROGATE. *v. n.* To ask; to put questions.
By his instructions touching the queen of Naples, it seemeth he could interrogate touching beauty. *Bacon's Henry VII.*
His proof will easily be retorted by interrogating. Shall the adulterer and the drunkard inherit the kingdom of God.

INTERROGATION. *n. f.* [*interrogatio*, Fr. *interrogatio*, Latin.] 1. A question put; an enquiry.

How demurely soever such men may pretend to sanctity, that interrogation of God presses hard upon them, shall I count them pure with the wicked balances, and with the bag of deceitful weights?
This variety is obtained by interrogations to things inanimate; by beautiful digressions, but those short.

2. A note that marks a question: thus? as, Does Job serve God for naught?
INTERROGATIVE. *adj.* [*interrogativus*, Fr. *interrogativus*, Latin.] Denoting a question; expressed in a questionary form of words.

INTERROGATIVE. *n. f.* A pronoun used in asking questions: as, who? what? which? whether?
INTERROGATIVELY. *adv.* [from *interrogative*.] In form of a question.

INTERROGATOR. *n. f.* [from *interrogate*.] An asker of questions.
INTERROGATORY. *n. f.* [*interrogatoire*, French.] A question; an enquiry.

He with no more civility, though with much more business than those under-fellows had shewed, began in capacious manner to put interrogatories unto him.
Nor time, nor place,
Will serve long interrogatories.

What earthly name to interrogatories
Can talk the free breath of a sacred king.
The examination was summed up with one question, Whether he was prepared for death? The boy was frightened out of his wits by the last dreadful interrogatory.
INTERROGATORY. *adj.* Containing a question; expressing a question.

TO INTERRUPT. *v. a.* [*interrompre*, Fr. *interrompre*, Latin.] 1. To hinder the process of any thing by breaking in upon it.

Like interrupted waters, and o'erbear
What they are used to hear.
He might securely enough have engaged his body of horse against their whole inconsiderable army, there being neither tree nor bush to interrupt his charge.
This motion of the heavenly bodies seems partly uninterrupted, as that of the first moveable interpolated and interrupted.

2. To hinder one from proceeding by interposition.
Answer not before thou hast heard the cause; neither interrupt men in the midst of their talk.

3. To divide; to separate.
Sift thou what rage
Transports our adversary, whom no bounds,
Nor yet the main abyss wide interrupt, can hold.

INTERRUPTEDLY. *adv.* [from *interrupted*.] Not in continuity; not without stoppages.

The incident light that meets with a grosser liquor, will have its beams either refracted or imbibed, or else reflected more or less interruptedly than they would be, if the body had been unmoistened.
INTERRUPTER. *n. f.* [from *interrupt*.] He who interrupts.

INTERUPTION. *n. f.* [*interruptio*, Fr. *interruptio*, Latin.] 1. Interposition; breach of continuity.
Places severed from the continent by the interruption of the sea.
2. Intervention; interposition.
You are to touch the one as soon as you have given a stroke of the pencil to the other, lest the interruption of time cause you to lose the idea of one part.
3. Hindrance; stop; let; obstruction.
Bloody England into England gone,
O'erbearing interruption, spite of France.

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This way of thinking on what we read, will be a rub only in the beginning; when custom has made it familiar, it will be dispatched without resting or interruption in the course of our reading.

Amidst the interruptions of his sorrow, seeing his penitent overwhelmed with grief, he was only able to bid her be comforted.
INTERSCAPULAR. *adj.* [*inter et scapula*, Latin.] Placed between the shoulders.

TO INTERSCIND. *v. a.* [*inter et scindo*, Latin.] To cut off by interruption.
TO INTERSCRIBE. *v. a.* [*inter et scribo*, Lat.] To write between.

INTERSECTANT. *adj.* [*intersecans*, Latin.] Dividing any thing into parts.
TO INTERSECT. *v. a.* [*interseco*, Lat.] To cut; to divide each other mutually.

Perfect and viviparous quadrupeds so stand in their position of proneness, that the opposite joints of neighbourless consist in the same plane; and a line descending from their navel intersects at right angles the axis of the earth.
Excited by a vigorous loadstone, it will somewhat deprecis its animated extreme, and intersect the horizontal circumference.

TO INTERSECT. *v. n.* To meet and cross each other.
The sagittal suture usually begins at that point where these lines intersect.

INTERSECTION. *n. f.* [*intersectio*, Lat. from *intersect*.] Point where lines cross each other.
They did spout over interchangeably from side to side in forms of arches, without any intersection or meeting aloft, because the pipes were not opposite.

The first star of Aries, in the time of Meton the Athenian, was placed in the very intersection, which is now elongated, and moved eastward twenty-eight degrees.
Ships would move in one and the same surface; and consequently must needs encounter, when they either advance towards one another in direct lines, or meet in the intersection of cross ones.

TO INTERSECT. *v. a.* [*interseco*, Lat.] To put in between other things.
If I may insert a short philosophical speculation, the depth of the sea is determined in Pliny to be fifteen furlongs.

INTERSECTION. *n. f.* [from *intersect*.] An insertion, or thing inserted between any thing.

These two intersections were clear explications of the apostle's old form, God the father, ruler of all, which contained an acknowledgement of the unity.

TO INTERSPERSE. *v. a.* [*interspersus*, Lat.] To scatter here and there among other things.
The possibility of a body's moving into a void space beyond the utmost bounds of body, as well as into a void space interspersed amongst bodies, will always remain clear.

It is the editor's interest to insert what the author's judgment had rejected; and care is taken to intersperse these additions in such a manner, that scarce any book can be bought without purchasing something unworthy of the author.

INTERSPERSION. *n. f.* [from *intersperse*.] The act of scattering here and there.
For want of the interspersed of now and then an elegiac or a lyric ode.

INTERSTELLAR. *adj.* [*inter et stellar*, Lat.] Intervening between the stars.
The interstellar sky hath so much affinity with the star, that there is a rotation of that as well as of the star.

INTERSTITIAL. *n. f.* [*interstitium*, Lat. *interstice*, Lat.] 1. Space between one thing and another.

The sun shining through a large prism upon a comb placed immediately behind the prism, his light, which passed through the interstices of the teeth fell upon a white paper: the breadth of the teeth were equal to their interstices, and seven teeth together with their interstices took up an inch in breadth.

The force of the fluid will separate the smallest particles which compose the fibres, so as to leave vacant interstices in those places where they cohered before.

2. Time between one act and another.
I will point out the interstices of time which ought to be between one citation and another.

INTERSTITIAL. *adj.* [from *interstices*.] Containing interstices.
In oiled papers, the interstitial division being actuated by the accession of oil, becometh more transparent.

INTERTEXTURE. *n. f.* [*intertextus*, Latin.] Diversification of things mingled or woven one among another.
TO INTERTWINE. [*v. a.* [*inter et twine*, or *twiss*.] To unite
TO INTERTWIST. } by twisting one in another.

Under some concourse of shades,
Whole branching arms thick interwove might shield
From dews and damps of night his flaccid head.

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INTERVAL. *n. f.* [*intervalle*, Fr. *intervalum*, Latin.] 1. Space between places; interstice; vacuity; space unoccupied; void place; vacancy; vacant space.

With any obstacle let all the light be now stopped which passes through any one interval of the teeth, so that the range of colours which comes from thence may be taken away, and you will see the light of the rest of the ranges to be expanded into the place of the range taken away, and there to be coloured.

2. Time passing between two assignable points.
The century and half following, to the end of the third Punic war, was a very busy period at Rome; the intervals between every war being so short.

3. Remission of a delirium or distemper.
Though he had a long illness, considering the great heat with which it raged, yet his intervals of sense being few and short, left but little room for the offices of devotion.
TO INTERVENIRE. *v. n.* [*intervenire*, Lat. *intervenire*, Fr.] To come between things or persons; to be intercepted; to make intervals.

While so near each other thus all day
Our talk we chafe, what wonders if so near,
Looks intervene, and smiles.
Ere the danger of an action, and the possibilities of miscarriage, and every cross accident that can intervene, to be either a mercy on God's part, or a fault on ours.

INTERVIEW. *n. f.* [from the verb.] Opposition, or perhaps interview. A word out of use.
They had some sharper and some milder differences, which might easily happen in such an interview of grandeurs, both vehement on the parts which they sway.

INTERVENIENT. *adj.* [*intervenient*, Lat. *intervenient*, French.] Intervening; interposed; passing between.
There be intervenient in the life of eight, in tones, two bemolls or half notes.

Many arts were used to discuss new affection: all which notwithstanding, for I omit things intervenient, there is conveyed to Mr. Villiers an intimation of the king's pleasure to be sworn his servant.

INTERVENTION. *n. f.* [*intervention*, Fr. *intervention*, Latin.] 1. Agency between persons.
God will judge the world in righteousness by the intervention of the man Christ Jesus, who is the Saviour as well as the judge of the world.

2. Agency between antecedents and consequents.
In the dispensation of God's mercies to the world, some things he does by himself, others by the intervention of natural means, and by the mediation of such instruments as he has appointed.

3. Interposition; the state of being interposed.
Sound is shut out by the intervention of that lax membrane, and not suffered to pass into the inward ear.

TO INTERVERT. *v. a.* [*interverto*, Lat.] To turn to another course.
The duke interverted the bargain, and gave the poor widow of Epernius for the books five hundred pounds.

INTERVIEW. *n. f.* [*entrevue*, French.] Mutual sight; sight of each other. It is commonly used for a formal and appointed meeting or conference.

The day will come, when the passions of former enmity being allayed, we shall with ten times redoubled tokens of reconciled love shew ourselves each towards other the same, which Joseph and the brethren of Joseph were at the time of their interview in Egypt.

His fears were, that the interview betwixt England and France might, through their amity, breed him some prejudice.

Such happy interview, and fair event
Of love, and youth not lost, songs, garlands, flow'rs,
And charming symphonies, attach'd the heart
Of Adam.

TO INTERVOLVE. *v. a.* [*intervolvio*, Latin.] To involve one within another.
Mystical dance! which yonder starry sphere
Of planets, and of fix'd, in all her wheels
Resembles nearest; mazes intricate,
Eccentric, intervolve'd, yet regular,
Then most, when most irregular, they seem.

TO INTERWEAVE. *v. a.* preter. *interwove*, part. pass. *interwoven*, *interwove*, or *interwaved*. [*inter et weave*.] To mix one with another in a regular texture; to intermingle.
Then laid him down
Under the hospitable covert night
Of trees thick interwoven.

Words interwove with sighs found out their way.
I sat me down to watch upon a bank
With ivy canopied, and interwove
With blustering honeyfuckle.

Can say here nature ends, and art begins,
But mixt like th' elements, and born like twins,

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So interwove'd, so like, so much the same:
None, this mere nature, that mere art can name.

The proud theatres disclose the scene,
Which interwoven Britons seem to raise,
And show the triumph which their shame displays.

He so interweaves truth with probable fiction, that he puts a pleasing fallacy upon us.
It appeared a vast ocean planted with islands, that were covered with fruits and flowers, and interwoven with a thousand little shining seas that ran among them.

It is a confusion of kitchen and parterre, orchard and flower-garden, which lie so mixt and interwoven with one another, as to look like a natural wilderness.

The Supreme Infinite could not make intelligent creatures, without implanting in their natures a most ardent desire, interwoven in the substance of their spiritual natures, of being reunited with himself.

I do not altogether disapprove the interweaving texts of scripture through the style of your sermon.
TO INTERWISH. *v. a.* [*inter et wish*.] To wish mutually to each other.

The venom of all stepdames, gamester's gall,
What tyrants and their subjects interwish,
All ill fall on that man.

INTERSTABLE. *adj.* [*instabilis*, Latin.] Disqualified to make a will.
A person excommunicated is rendered infamous and interstable both actively and passively.

INTERSTATE. *adj.* [*instat*, Fr. *instatus*, Latin.] Wanting a will; dying without will.
Why should calamity be full of words?
—Windy attorneys to their client woes,
Airy succeders of intestine joys,
Poor breathing orators of miseries.

Present punishment pursues his maw,
When forfeited and swell'd, the peacock raw,
He bears into the bath; whence want of breath,
Repletions, apoplex, intestine death.

INTESTINAL. *adj.* [*intestinal*, Fr. from *intestine*.] Belonging to the guts.
The mouths of the lacteals are opened by the intestinal tube, affecting a straight instead of a spiral cylinder.

INTESTINE. *adj.* [*intestin*, Fr. *intestinus*, Latin.] 1. Internal; inward; not external.
Of these inward and intestine enemies to prayer, there are our past sins to wound us, our present cares to distract us, our distemper'd passions to disorder us, and a whole swarm of loose and floating imaginations to molest us.

Intestine war no more our passions wage,
Ev'n giddy factions hear away their rage.

2. Contained in the body.
Intestine stone, and ulcer, cholick pangs,
And moon-struck madnels.

A wooden jack, which had almost
Lost, by disuse, the art to roast,
A sudden alteration feels,
Increas'd by new intestine wheels.

3. Domestick, not foreign. I know not whether the word be properly used in the following example of Shakespeare: perhaps for mortal and intestine should be read mortal intestine.

Since the mortal and intestine jars
'Twixt thy feditious countrymen and us,
It hath in solemn synods been decreed,
T' admit no traffick to our adverse towns.

But God, or Nature, while they thus contend,
To these intestine discords put an end.
She saw her sons with purple deaths expire,
A dreadful series of intestine wars,
Inglorious triumphs, and dishonest fears.

INTESTINE. *n. f.* [*intestinum*, Lat. *intestine*, Fr.] The gut; the bowel: most commonly without a singular.
The intestines or guts may be inflamed by an acrid substance taken inwardly.

TO INTHRALL. *v. a.* [*in et thrall*.] To enslave; to shackle; to reduce to servitude. A word now seldom used, at least in prose.

What though I be inthrall'd, he seems a knight,
And will not any way dishonour me.

The Turk has sought to extinguish the ancient memory of those people which he has subjected and inthrall'd.
Authors to themselves in all
Both what they judge, and what they choose; for so
I form'd them free, and free they must remain
Till they inthrall themselves.

She soothes, but never can inthrall my mind:
Why may not peace and love for once be join'd.
INTHRALMENT. *n. f.* [from *inthrall*.] Servitude; slavery.
Moses and Aaron, sent from God to claim
His people from inthrallment, they return
With glory, and spoil, back to their promis'd land.